Behavioural Theory for Session-Oriented Calculi

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Milan, November 23, 2009

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Motivation			

#### Aim

- Congruence relations, supporting
- equational reasoning, and enjoying of
- o co-inductive characterisations, providing proof techniques.

- Behavioural contextual equivalence: barbed congruence
- Co-inductive characterisation: full bisimilarity Substitution-closed ground bisimilarity over an early LTS
- Axioms for algebraic reasoning

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Work developed within SENSORIA			
Achievements			

- Congruence relations: constructs of the calculi as compositional semantic operators on bisimilarity equivalence classes
- Axioms supporting equational reasoning, useful for proving:
  - Service compliance to an abstract behaviour
  - Correctness of program optimizations

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- Labelled transition systems,
- Behavioural equivalences, and
- Some useful axioms for
  - SSCC: Stream-based Service Centered Calculus
  - µse: dynamic multiparty session-based calculus
  - CC: Conversation Calculus

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- 2 SSCC's behavioural theory
  - Barbed congruence coincides with full bisimilarity, which is a congruence
  - Axioms that clarify the relationships between some constructs, and allow the proof of program transformations
- 3  $\mu$ se's behavioural theory
  - Weak full bisimilarity
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- 4 CC's behavioural theory
  - Strong and weak bisimilarity notions, which are congruences
  - Behavioral identities: illuminate on the spatial nature of processes; and pave the way for establishing a normal form result

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SSCC Behavioural identities

### Garbage Collection Laws

Session Garbage Collection Consider that  $\mathcal{D}$  does not bind r

$$(\nu r) \mathcal{D}[\![r \rhd \boldsymbol{0}, r \lhd \boldsymbol{0}]\!] \sim_{f} \mathcal{D}[\![\boldsymbol{0}, \boldsymbol{0}]\!]$$
(1)

Stream Garbage Collection if f does not occur in P,

stream **0** as 
$$f$$
 in  $P \sim_{\rm f} P$  (2)

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# SSCC Behavioural identities

Independence Laws

Session Independence if  $s \neq r$ ,

 $r \bowtie \mathsf{Q} \mid s \bowtie \mathsf{P} \sim_{\mathsf{f}} r \bowtie (s \bowtie \mathsf{P} \mid \mathsf{Q}) \tag{3}$ 

Stream Independence if  $f \neq g$ ,

stream P as f in stream P' as g in  $Q \sim_{f}$ stream P' as g in stream P as f in Q (4)

Streams are Orthogonal to Sessions

$$r \bowtie (\text{feed } v \mid P) \sim_{\mathsf{f}} \text{feed } v \mid r \bowtie P \tag{5}$$

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## SSCC Behavioural identities

Streams Laws

Stream Locality if  $f \notin \operatorname{fn}(Q')$ ,

stream P as f in 
$$(Q | Q') \sim_{f} (\text{stream } P \text{ as } f \text{ in } Q) | Q'$$
  
(6)

Unused Stream

stream 
$$P$$
 as  $f$  in  $0 \approx_{f} P\{\text{feed } v. Q \rightarrow Q\}$  (7)

Parallel Composition Versus Streams if  $f \notin fn(Q)$  and P does not contain feed,

stream P as f in 
$$Q \sim_{\rm f} P | Q$$
 (8)

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From an object-centred to a session-centred view

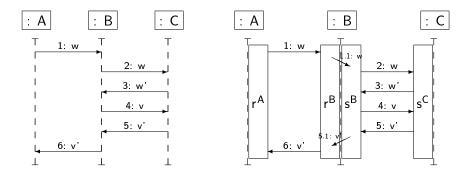


Figure: Sequence diagram communication pattern: object-centred and session-centred view.

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Program Transformations in SSCC

Breaking sessions into request-response patterns

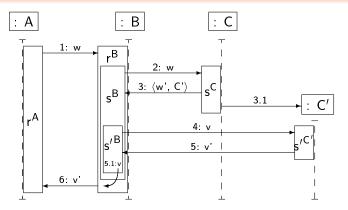


Figure: Sequence diagram communication pattern: using subsessions and continuations.

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### Garbage Collection Laws

Session Garbage Collection  $r \triangleright \mathbf{0} \sim_{f} \mathbf{0}$ 

Location Garbage Collection  $I :: \mathbf{0} \sim_{\mathbf{f}} \mathbf{0}$ 

#### Sessions Laws

Session Independence  $r \triangleright Q \mid s \triangleright P \sim_{f} r \triangleright (s \triangleright P \mid Q)$ 

Intra-Session Communication is Orthogonal w.r.t. Locations

 $I :: xw \sim_{f} m :: xw$ 

Intra-Location Communication is Orthogonal w.r.t. Sessions  $r \triangleright x! w \sim_{f} s \triangleright x! w$ 

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#### Garbage Collection Laws

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Intra-Location Communication is Orthogonal w.r.t. Sessions  $r \triangleright x! w \sim_{f} s \triangleright x! w$ 

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Program Transformations in Muse			

Implementation correct with respect to a specification

Credit request scenario: specification

 $I :: *CalculateRating \Rightarrow P$  with  $P = data(user).some\_comp.ret$  rating

Credit request scenario: implementation

$$:: (\nu Calc_1 \dots Calc_n) ((\nu av) (\prod_{i=1}^n \operatorname{rec} X.av! Calc_i.X |$$

$$* CalculateRating \Rightarrow av?(u).invoke u) | \prod_{i=1}^n * Calc_i \Rightarrow P)$$

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# CC Behavioural identities

Laws
• $n \triangleleft [P] \mid n \triangleleft [Q] \sim n \triangleleft [P \mid Q]$
m ◄ [n ◀ [o ◀ [P]]] ~ n ◀ [o ◀ [P]]
<b>②</b> $n \blacktriangleleft [I^{\uparrow}!(\tilde{n}).P] \sim I^{\downarrow}!(\tilde{n}).n \blacktriangleleft [P]$
● If $n \notin \tilde{x}$ then $n \blacktriangleleft [I^{\uparrow}?(\tilde{x}).P] \sim I^{\downarrow}?(\tilde{x}).n \blacktriangleleft [P]$
$  \   {\color{black} \bullet}  m \blacktriangleleft \left[ n \bigstar \left[ l^{\downarrow} ! (\tilde{n}) . P \right] \right] \sim n \bigstar \left[ l^{\downarrow} ! (\tilde{n}) . m \bigstar \left[ n \bigstar \left[ P \right] \right] \right] $
<b>o</b> If $\{m, n\} \# \tilde{x}$ then
$m \blacktriangleleft [n \blacktriangleleft [l^{\downarrow}?(\tilde{x}).P]] \sim n \blacktriangleleft [l^{\downarrow}?(\tilde{x}).m \blacktriangleleft [n \blacktriangleleft [P]]]$

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Implementation correct with respect to a specification

CreditChat ◄ [login<sup>↓</sup>?(uld).FinPort ◄ [CreditChat ◀ [ServProt]]] | Client ◀ [CreditChat ◀ [login<sup>↓</sup>!(uld).ClientProt]]

CreditChat ◄ [login<sup>↓</sup>?(uld).FinPort ◄ [CreditChat ◄ [ServProt]]] | CreditChat ◄ [login<sup>↓</sup>!(uld).Client ◄ [CreditChat ◄ [ClientProt]]]

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### Implementation correct with respect to a specification