



BISON

Complex Adaptive Systems Course's Project Guidelines

Stefano Arteconi

Dipartimento di Scienze
dell'Informazione
Università di Bologna





- Project Specification
 - Drop and rewire mechanisms
 - Project specifics
- Peersim guidelines
 - Writing a CDProtocol
 - Writing a Control
 - Writing a Configuration File



Project Specification





Generic node

Perform application task (APPLICATION layer)

Get utility

Periodically do

- Choose a random node (NEWSCAST layer)

- Compare utilities

- Node with lower utility

 - Copies winner's strategy

 - DROP: leaves current neighborhood (SLAC layer)**

 - REWIRE: Joins winner's neighborhood (SLAC layer)**

Mutate



What You Are Asked to Do: New Drop and Rewire Mechanisms

- Define new way of dropping and rewiring links
 - Rewire probability similar to drop probability
 - Link to some 2-hops neighbor
 - ...
- This is totally up to you!!!
- The global emergent mechanism should be understood
 - What we want (cooperation)
 - Basic requirements (communication between cooperating nodes)
- Local rules defined accordingly



Drop and Rewire Parametrization

- Drop and Rewire mechanisms should be parametrized
 - Example: drop probability in SLACER
- Evaluate different drop and rewire parameter settings
 - Dependent on the drop and rewire mechanism itself



Drop and Rewire effects

- Define new way of dropping and rewiring links
- Study dropping and rewiring effects
 - Cooperation
 - Level
 - Time
 - Topology
 - CC
 - APL
 - Mixed
 - LCC
 - CCP
 - CCPL



- Examine initial settings effects on performances
 - Network size
 - Initial topology
 - Use existing classes (*WireKOut*, *WireRingLattice*, *WireStar*, ...)
 - Churning
 - Use existing class *DynamicNetwork*



Beware not to Cheat!

- Everything is based on local knowledge
- Other nodes' state known only when interacting with them
- “Cheating” examples
 - Choose nodes directly from *Network* structure
 - NO GLOBAL KNOWLEDGE!
 - Only local views (newscast and slacer) available for each node
 - Link only to cooperative nodes
 - Other nodes states not known during rewiring
 - Possibly game not completely known by players (i.e. nodes are not aware of the payoff table values)

- Class package *casproject* provides
 - *Slacer*
 - Implements Slacer and PD application
 - To be extended
 - *drop()* and *rewire()* abstract methods to be implemented
 - *CCPObserver*
 - Evaluates LCC, CCP and CCPL
 - *StrategyObserver*
 - Counts number of cooperating and defecting nodes



- If you need some additional mechanism feel free to implement and use it!
 - New specific observers
 - i.e. measuring stats related to nodes' utilities
 - New protocol layer
 - If overlay topologies other than the ones provided by Newscast and Slacer are needed



Peersim Guidelines





Implementing new classes

- All the new code written should be included in classes implementing one (or more) of the main peersim interfaces
 - *CDProtocol*
 - *Linkable*
 - *Control*
- Examples about how to implement these interfaces will now be given



Implementing *CDProtocol* Interface

- `peersim.cdsim.CDProtocol` provides a single method to describe protocol actions
 - `void nextCycle(Node node, int protocolID);`
 - `node` is the current running node
 - `protocolID` is the current protocol identifier in the current node protocol stack
- In `nextCycle()` any action performed by each node at each simulation cycle should be implemented
- `clone()` method should be extended to clone all the defined complex structures



Implementing *Linkable* Interface

- `peersim.core.Linkable` provides abstract methods for node view management
 - `public int degree();`
 - `public Node getNeighbor(int i);`
 - `public boolean addNeighbor(Node neighbour);`
 - `public boolean contains(Node neighbor);`
- Usually to manage node view just means working with an array



- `peersim.core.IdleProtocol` implements both *CDProtocol* and *Linkable*
- Provides view management for free
- *CDProtocol* implementation
 - Do Nothing!
- *Linkable* implementation
 - Node views are represented through arrays
 - Unlimited viewsize



Implementing *Control* Interface

- `peersim.core.Control` provides a single method to describe global network control actions
 - `boolean execute()`;
- In `execute()` any action performed at each simulation cycle for global management should be implemented
- No explicit distinction between initialization, dynamicity and observation



Initialization, Dynamicity, Observation

- Initialization, Dynamicity, and Observation are all implemented through *Control* interface
- Initialization differs from dynamicity and observation
 - It should only be executed at simulation start
 - Declared in configuration file (shown later)
- Observation vs. Dynamicity
 - Observation should not modify nodes' state, Dynamicity could
 - This is a logical distinction not taken into account in peersim



Defining Configuration Parameters

- It is possible that components need parameters to be passed by configuration file
 - *CDProtocol* related parameters
 - It is required for *Control* components to specify the protocol they are related to
- `Peersim.config.Configuration` provides utilities to read parameters from file
 - Numeric values
 - Check for (un)defined values



CDProtocol Implementation Example

```
//configuration parameter definition
public static final String PAR_VIEWSIZE = "viewsize";
public static final String PAR_MSGSIZE = "msgsize";

Public class myProtocol extends IdleProtocol implements
CDProtocol {
public myProtocol(String prefix) {
    //parameters value retrieving from cofiguration file
    viewsize=Configuration.getInt(prefix+"."+PAR_VIEWSIZE);
    msgsize =Configuration.getInt(prefix+"."+PAR_MSGSIZE);
}

public Object clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException{
    super.clone();
    //complex structures cloned here
}

public void nextCycle(Node node, int protocolID) {
    // protocol behaviour here
}
}
```



Control Implementation Example

```
public static final String PAR_PROT = "protocol";  
private IncrementalStats stats = new IncrementalStats();  
private String name;
```

```
public class myObserver implements Control {  
public myObserver(String prefix) {  
    pid = Configuration.getPid(prefix + "." + PAR_PROT);  
    stats = new IncrementalStats();  
    name = prefix;  
}
```

```
public boolean execute() {  
    for(int i = 0 ; i < Network.size() ; i++){  
        // pick each node and extract sensible data  
        myProtocol p =(myProtocol)Network.get(i).getProtocol(pid);  
        stats.add(p.value)  
        ...  
    }
```

```
        System.out.println(name+" "+stats.getAverage());  
        return false;  
}
```



Writing the configuration file - *Simulator*

```
simulation.cycles 100  
Control.shf Shuffle  
network.size 1000  
network.maxSize 100000
```

```
protocol.0 example.newscast.SimpeNewscast  
protocol.0.cache 20
```

```
protocol.1 casproject.<YOURSLACEREXTENDEDCLASS>  
protocol.1.linkable 0  
protocol.1.<YOURADDITIONALPARAMETERS> <VALUE>
```

```
init.0 peersim.dynamics.WireKOut  
init.0.protocol 0  
init.0.k 20
```

```
init.1 casproject.SlacerInitializer  
init.1.protocol 1  
init.1.quantity 0.5
```

```
init.2 peersim.dynamics.WireOut  
init.2.protocol 1  
init.2.k 20
```

```
control.1 casproject.CCPObserver  
control.1.protocol 1  
control.1.nl 100
```



Writing the configuration file

RangeSimulator

```
simulation.cycles 100
Control.shf Shuffle

range.netsize NETSIZE;1000,10000
range.viewsize VIEWSIZE;15,30

network.size NETSIZE
network.maxSize 100000

protocol.0 example.newscast.SimpleNewscast
protocol.0.cache VIEWSIZE

protocol.1 casproject.<YOURSLACEREXTENDEDCLASS>
protocol.1.linkable 0
protocol.1.<YOURADDITIONALPARAMETERS> <VALUE>

init.0 peersim.dynamics.WireKOut
init.0.protocol 0
init.0.k 20

...
```



Working with Peersim





- Sun Java JDK5.0 (J2SE 1.5.0)
- Peersim P2P Simulator (<http://peersim.sourceforge.net/>):
the CVS version is recommended:
 - `cvs -d:pserver:anonymous@cvs.sourceforge.net:/cvsroot/peersim login`
 - `cvs -z3 -d:pserver:anonymous@cvs.sourceforge.net:/cvsroot/peersim co -P peersim`
- Package jep (Java Expression Parser)
- Gnuplot Software (ver. $\geq 3.7.x$) to plot data



Compiling and Launching the Simulation

- Peersim can be compiled using Makefile or ant (both provided by CVS version)
- Single run
 - `java -cp .:jep-2.24.jar peersim.Simulator <configfile>`
- Multiple runs
 - `java -cp .:jep-2.24.jar peersim.RangeSimulator <configfile>`
 - Config file should end with `.cfg`
 - Makes a run for each parameters combination



- Log files can be easily plotted using gnuplot
- The basic gnuplot command format is
 - `plot <nomefile> using <n1>:<n2> every <n3> with lines`
 - Plots data in <nomefile> using $n1^{\text{th}}$ and $n2^{\text{th}}$ values every $n3$ lines with a continuous line
- For further information about Gnuplot please refer to online documentation
 - <http://www.gnuplot.info/documentation.html>



If you need any help...

- Look for documentation at: <http://peersim.sf.net>
- My homepage: <http://www.cs.unibo.it/~arteconi>
- My email address: arteconi@cs.unibo.it
- My office: Dip. Scienze dell'Informazione - Lab C, 1st floor underground